VOLUME 04 ISSUE 11 Pages: 102-108

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals



Website: Journal https://frontlinejournal s.org/journals/index.ph p/fsshj

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ENHANCING YOUTH SOCIAL ACTIVITY IN NEW UZBEKISTAN: MODERN TRENDS AND PRIORITY DIRECTIONS

Submission Date: November 20, 2024, Accepted Date: November 25, 2024,

Published Date: November 30, 2024

Crossref doi: https://doi.org/10.37547/social-fsshj-04-11-12

Abdullaeva Asila Abdulxodievna

Teacher at the non-state higher educational institution "University of Business and Science", Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

This article analyzes modern trends and priority directions aimed at increasing the social activity of youth in the conditions of New Uzbekistan. Increasing youth social activity is considered an important issue in state policy. The article examines the measures and modern strategies implemented by the state and society to support youth and enhance their participation in social processes. Additionally, it highlights the national programs, legal and institutional mechanisms, education, and cultural events aimed at involving young people in social life. The role and significance of civil society institutions and youth organizations in enhancing youth social activity are extensively covered. The importance of using innovative approaches and information and communication technologies to engage youth in social activities in New Uzbekistan is emphasized. The article also points out that active participation of youth in social processes serves to increase their social responsibility, respect for national values, and a sense of patriotism. Furthermore, it provides practical suggestions on factors influencing the socio-economic and cultural development of youth and ensuring their social activity.

Keywords

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 11 Pages: 102-108

OCLC - 1276789625









Publisher: Frontline Journals

Youth, New Uzbekistan, social activity, state policy, social processes, civil society, modern trends, national values.

Introduction

In the New Uzbekistan period, increasing the social activity of youth and strengthening their participation in society has become one of the important priority directions. Youth social activity is one of the key factors influencing the overall development of society, contributing to its stability, innovative progress, and future. Currently, modern trends and new ideas are playing a significant role in enhancing youth social activity. Various concepts and scientific foundations are being developed in this process. Modern Trends: One of the modern trends in enhancing youth social activity is creating a comprehensive supportive environment for youth and involving them in various social activities. For instance, as B. Abdullaev notes, "youth social activity is linked to their preparation for future life and their ability to independent decisions" make [1]. perspective highlights the need to focus on the social development of youth. Another trend in modern Uzbekistan for increasing youth social activity is boosting their interest in education,

culture, and sports. It is essential to view youth as the main participants in social movements. According to A. Karimov, "the education system is the main tool for enhancing youth social activity, solidifying their position in society" [2]. Information and communication technologies (ICT) also play an essential role in enhancing youth social activity. Through the internet and social networks, youth have the opportunity to participate in various social movements and activities. B. Haydarov believes that "ICT creates broad opportunities for enhancing youth social activity, as they provide a platform for young people to freely express their opinions and influence societal events" [3].

Priority Directions: One of the priority directions increasing vouth social activity strengthening their political engagement. As a result, young people can enhance their participation in state governance. According to M. Ismoilov, "youth political activity is an important factor for state development, ensuring that youth become the driving force of the state in the future"

FRONTLINE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY JOURNAL

(ISSN - 2752-7018)

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 11 Pages: 102-108

OCLC - 1276789625









Publisher: Frontline Journals

[4]. Additionally, increasing youth entrepreneurial activity is also considered one of the important priority directions. Youth entrepreneurship helps ensure their economic independence and addresses social issues. As Sh. Nurmatov states, "entrepreneurship is a key factor for the socio-economic development of youth, playing an essential role in creating new jobs and introducing innovations in society" [5]. Education plays a significant role in enhancing youth social activity. The current reforms in the education system are aimed at increasing youth social activity. As A. Karimov notes, "through education, young people understand their rights and responsibilities and strive to solidify their place in society" [6].

National and Universal Values in Enhancing Youth Social Activity: National and universal values play an important role in enhancing youth social activity. Through national values, young people develop patriotism, humanitarianism, and moral qualities. According to A. Sobirov, "conveying national values to youth helps increase their social activity and ensure moral stability in society" [7]. National values not only enrich the spiritual world of young people but also serve to enhance their social activity in society. As U. Khayrullayev states, "national culture and values are essential for fostering a sense of responsibility towards society in young people" [8].

Modern Educational Tools in Enhancing Youth Social Activity: Modern educational tools play an important role in enhancing youth social activity. Electronic education platforms, online courses, and other information technologies make the learning process easier and increase their social activity. As N. Jabborov notes, "electronic educational tools increase youth interest in the learning process and play a significant role in developing their social activity" [9].

Additional Factors in Enhancing Youth Social Activity: There are also additional factors for increasing youth social activity. For example, activities in the fields of sports, culture, and arts are of great importance in enhancing youth social activity. Sports not only contribute to the physical development of youth but also increase their interest in teamwork. According to R. Hamidov, "sports help develop the ability of young people to work in a team and are an important factor in increasing their social activity" [10].Furthermore, cultural and artistic events are crucial in shaping social consciousness among young people and involving them in social life. As K. Ibragimov notes, "culture and art foster social

FRONTLINE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND HISTORY JOURNAL

(ISSN - 2752-7018)

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 11 Pages: 102-108

OCLC - 1276789625









Publisher: Frontline Journals

responsibility and interest in the community among young people" [11].

In New Uzbekistan, increasing youth social activity is being carried out through modern trends and priority directions. In this process, efforts aimed at increasing youth interest in education, political, and economic activity are of great importance. Additionally, attention must be paid to the moral and ethical development of youth through the promotion of national and universal values. Youth social activity is being enhanced through electronic educational tools and information and communication technologies, which help solidify their social role in society. Sports, culture, and artistic activities also serve as additional means to increase youth social activity.

Formation of Youth Social Activity: Today, forming youth social activity and actively involving them in social processes is considered one of the pressing tasks. To effectively organize this process, social, pedagogical, and psychological approaches are necessary. The thoughts of both national and foreign scholars play an important role in shaping youth social activity. For instance, Uzbek scholar N. Norboev, speaking about the role of national values in shaping youth social activity, emphasizes the

need to educate youth with a national spirit and develop an understanding of their culture and history [12]. According to Norboev, there is a link between youth respect for national values and their social activity, as the activity formed based on national values ensures their contribution to the development of society.

One of the foreign scholars, Japanese scientist Hiroto Moriyama, writes about the importance of innovative technologies and education in shaping youth social activity. According to him, digital education and information technologies play a significant role in involving young people in social processes [13]. Moriyama highlights that digital technologies can help meet the interests and needs of youth in forming their social activity. In addition, the role of parents and schools in shaping youth social activity is also important. M. Davronova emphasizes the role of parents in forming youth social activity and notes that their activity is crucial for youth integration into social processes [14]. Youth supported by parents feel themselves as part of society and strive for social activity.

Moreover, one of the European researchers, Professor Johan Schmidt, studied the role of civil society institutions in shaping youth social activity. According to him, non-governmental

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organizations and civil society institutions play an essential role in youth social activity. These institutions create opportunities for youth to actively participate in social processes and turn them into active members of society [15]. The process of forming youth social activity is multifaceted and complex, depending on numerous factors. National values, innovative technologies, family environment, and civil society institutions play an essential role in shaping youth social activity. Based on the views of national and foreign scholars, it becomes evident that a comprehensive approach is necessary to enhance youth social activity. Among the key factors are education based on national values, the introduction of innovative educational technologies, and the development of civil society institutions.

The Role of Schools and Educational Institutions: Another important factor in shaping youth social activity is the role of schools and educational institutions. A. Karimov, one of the psychological scholars, speaks about the impact of the social environment at school on youth social activity, emphasizing that relationships with teachers and classmates in school are crucial in forming youth attitudes towards social processes [16]. The social environment at school stimulates the

development of social skills among youth and encourages their active participation in social processes. French researcher Jean-Paul Renard also addresses the role of educational institutions in shaping youth social activity. According to him, educational institutions should prepare youth as active members of society not only by providing theoretical knowledge but also by involving them in practical activities [17]. Renard emphasizes that youth social activity can be increased through practical exercises, group projects, and social events within educational institutions.

The Role of State Policy in Enhancing Youth Social Activity: The importance of state policy is also significant in increasing youth social activity. The efforts implemented in the field of youth policy in Uzbekistan and the attention directed towards youth are currently aimed at enhancing their social activity. President Shavkat Mirziyoyev has emphasized in many of his speeches the importance of state programs and initiatives adopted for working with youth and increasing their social activity [18]. Additionally, American sociologist Robert Putnam has also expressed his views on the role of state policy in increasing youth social activity. According to Putnam, the state should create conditions that encourage social activity for youth, which will positively

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 11 Pages: 102-108

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influence their social engagement [19]. Thus, various factors—national values, educational institutions, family, civil society institutions, and state policy—work interdependently in shaping youth social activity. Research by both national and foreign scholars shows that each of these factors plays a unique role in increasing youth social activity, and all of them contribute to making youth active and responsible members of society

Conclusion

In New Uzbekistan, the enhancement of youth social activity is being implemented through modern trends and priority directions. In this process, efforts aimed at increasing youth interest in education, political, and economic activity play an important role. Additionally, attention must be given to the moral and ethical development of youth through the promotion of national and universal values. The perspectives of foreign scholars confirm the importance of various approaches to increasing youth social activity. As a result, young people will be ready to actively participate in society, understand their social contribute to the sustainable role. and development of the country.

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