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 Research Article

SOCIAL-PSYCHOLOGICAL PROCESSES DIRECTED TO THE FORMATION OF THE CITIZEN POSITION IN THE YOUNG PEOPLE AS AN EXAMPLE OF JADIDS

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Yo'ldoshev Javlon Ablanazar O'G'Li

Tashkent University Of Applied Sciences. Psychology Of The Department Of Education, Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

Every state in the world defines as the main goal to find in its citizens the qualities specific to the requirements of the time and the values that are compatible with the goals of the society. By familiarizing with the experience of the countries striving for sustainable development and excellence, to educate the students' sense of citizenship, to form a sense of social responsibility, to develop such qualities as self-awareness, tolerance, justice, to develop the citizenship position based on adaptation to the needs of the times and the interests of society it was concluded that it is necessary.

KEYWORDS

Jadids, spiritual spirit, humanitarianism, role and importance of Jadids' heritage in raising a perfect generation, citizenship, civic position, personality, psychological portrait, national spirit, national mentality.

INTRODUCTION

It is known that the movement of Jadids, whose activities are not only political, but also aimed at

improving education and training, spiritual and educational reform of the Turkestan country, and

raising a mature generation, is played an important role in the history of the peoples of the country. In fact, the word jadid (Arabic "jadid" - new) means renewal and is a socio-political and educational movement, which consists of applying new modern school, printing press, methods of national development to society, the general name of the supporters of this movement. At the end of the 19th century and the first quarter of the 20th century, Jadidism was formed as a national ideology of the national liberation movement in Turkestan, as an idea of national independence and enlightenment of the peoples of the country. Behbudi, Fitrat, Cholpon, Munavvar Qori, Abdulla Avloni, the progressive representatives of the Jadidism movement, which became famous for the ideas of enlightenment in the 19th century and developed at the beginning of the 20th century, became stronger in their work and activity. Jadids put forward the idea of unifying the peoples of Turkestan and fighting for the national independence of the whole country.

The use of history and cultural heritage has a special place among the scientific, moral, educational and technological methods of forming a perfect personality. It is a long systematic process. Although the history and

legacy of ancestors belong to yesterday and the past, there is a unique lesson and progressive force hidden in it. This past acquires its own content and essence only when it is oriented towards tomorrow through today.

Literature analysis. A. Kyrgyzboyev, A. Kholbekov, M. Qurbanov, Q. Kuronboyev, A. Sobirov, B. Yoldoshev, writers and scientists who studied the importance of historical, cultural and spiritual heritage in the education of a perfect generation. Z.Kasimova, D.Rajabova, Sh.Saidmurodova, S.Azizov and others have covered some aspects in their articles and books. Also B. Hasanov, D. Ziyayeva, N. Karimov, R. Shamsimatov, Q. Rajabov, S. Ahmedov, M. Zikrullayev, M. Khoshimov, V. Kholov, G. Shagatayeva, U. Qurbanov, M. Akbarova, N. Zairova, S. Umarov in their articles and works have fully explained how the policy of repression was carried out in Uzbekistan, the fate of the victims of repression and their family members.

Pedagogical-psychological features of development of civic culture and civic education in students L. Amanbayeva, N. Kritskaya, Ye. Belyaeva, M. Bogomaz, I. Gulyaeva, M. Erkhova, T. Zhuravleva, V. Zolotov, S. Karpushkin, L. Kovalenko, researched by L. Kuznetsova.

O.Musurmonova, M.Zaripov, S.Nosirkho'jayev, L.Kokhonovich, D.Roziyeva, T.A.Sukhareva, E.Yusupov, N.Egamberdiyeva, Sh.Shodmonova's scientific works as a factor of socialization of students The meaning of qualities reflected on the basis of citizenship position, such as self-awareness, spiritual culture, socio-political maturity, patriotism, military patriotism, civic activity and responsibility, is explained.

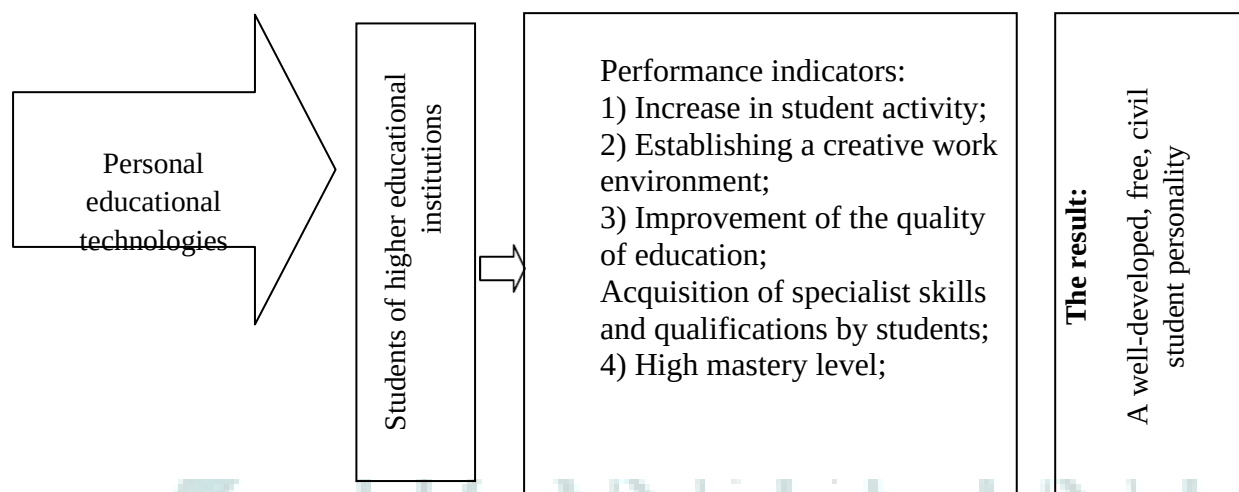
Today, the higher pedagogical education system is tasked with training teachers with new professional qualities. Because the teacher should have the experience of approaching each student as a separate person, taking into account and developing their individual capabilities. It is known that in the process of person-oriented education, humane treatment of learners takes a priority place. For this, both professors and students are required to have an active citizenship position.

As a result of the research, the following system of competences for the development of an active citizenship position among students was clarified: to have the ability to develop and improve intellectual, cultural, spiritual, physical, professional self; respect for historical heritage and cultural traditions, tolerant acceptance of

social and cultural peculiarities; to understand the factors and laws that set the historical process in motion, to understand the place of the human factor in the socio-political structure of society's development; to understand and analyze issues of national and universal importance and show determination in achieving the goal, taking into account ethical and legal norms and obligations; to use in-depth theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of professional activity and to acquire independent new knowledge, practical skills and the ability to use them in practice with the help of modern information technologies; to have the ability to create new ideas, independently conduct scientific-pedagogical research, and the ability to work in a scientific team; to have the ability to know one of the foreign languages as a means of communication at the level of free speech, to master the culture of speech, to be able to clearly express oral and written speech in a reasonable manner;

To acquire the basic methods, methods and means of obtaining, storing, and processing information from the Internet, to have the skills to work with a computer as a means of information management; to acquire the necessary level of physical training to ensure independent physical

education and health promotion, the means of methodically correct use, full-fledged social and professional activity.



In this scheme, based on our historical heritage, a system of developing the citizenship position of students has been developed. The content of the pedagogical process aimed at developing the civic position of students is self-awareness, socio-ideological maturity, patriotism, military patriotism, civic activism, social activism, civic responsibility, self-sacrifice qualities, should be directed to the formation of skills and qualifications. Civic position is the awareness of each person's participation in the life of society. A person with a civic position shows his attitude towards the environment in a private and general way. Such citizens are able to combine their interests with the interests of the society by

adopting a mode of activity aimed at the implementation of social values. Young professionals with such skills, especially students, can take a worthy place in society and deserve the honorable title of citizen of Uzbekistan. For this, every student must have a citizenship status.

Special attention was paid to the preparation of talented students for leadership in the pedagogical activities aimed at developing the citizenship position of students by means of individual-oriented educational technologies. In this place - on the basis of the circle of young propagandists - as a separate direction - the group of young leaders among us was established. The content of education aimed at the

development of citizenship in students should be selected based on the principles of respect for the student, consideration of interest, needs, cooperation, choice, trust and support for initiatives, subjectivity, and individual approach.

CONCLUSION

In conclusion, it should be mentioned that the formation of citizenship position in students is an important tool that affects the processes taking place in the political and other spheres of the country's life of the individual and society as a whole. If people do not understand themselves as full-fledged members of society capable of influencing the surrounding reality, then we can conclude that they do not have a full understanding of the position of citizenship. Young people are the most active component of civil society, therefore the need to form an active civic position of the young generation, that is, their conscious participation in the life of society, it is necessary to reflect their conscious real actions in relation to the environment personally and socially.

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