VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals



Website: Journal https://frontlinejournal s.org/journals/index.ph p/fsshj

Copyright: Original content from this work may be used under the terms of the creative commons attributes 4.0 licence.



THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE FIELD OF PSYCHOLOGY IN **UZBEKISTAN TODAY AND ITS SIGNIFICANCE**

Submission Date: April 20, 2024, Accepted Date: April 25, 2024,

Published Date: April 30, 2024

Crossref doi: https://doi.org/10.37547/social-fsshj-04-04-05

Dedakuziyeva Barchinoy Makhamadjonovna

Teacher of Tashkent University of Applied Sciences, Uzbekistan

ABSTRACT

Psychology as a science is based on a person's desire to understand who he is, the desire to know his own spiritual world and the psyche of others, the need to understand the phenomena of nature and society, to reflect on the past, present, and future. began to develop. Although psychological knowledge has a very long past history, it was separated from philosophy as a science in the 19th century, and now the science of psychology has entered Uzbekistan with wide opportunities and history. Nowadays, the interest of young people in the field of psychology is increasing. The interest in great scientists, the basis of its history, is developing day by day, and we will try to cover it in this article.

KEYWORDS

Uzbekton, spirituality, ethics, groups, mechanism, women, reproductive institutions, research, anthropological psychology, communication psychology, akemology, threat and terrorism psychology.

NTRODUCTION

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals

If we pay attention to the history of the development of psychology as a science in our country, it should be noted that it is being formed only during the last decades. But if you analyze the formation of psychology in the territory of Uzbekistan historically, you can see that it is being formed in a unique way in the system of religiousphilosophical scientists and views. For example, Mani, the founder of Manichaeism, who flourished in the II-III centuries AD, or Mazdak, the founder of Mazdakism, and others widely propagated ideas such as social relations, social justice, and individuality in their system of religious views. But history tells us that there was no integrated, systematic system of social psychological views at all. It should be noted that psychological Uzbekistan the research in conducted is mainly devoted to the family and family relations. the first such social psychological research was conducted by I. Yaqubov in the late 70s and early 80s, which confirmed the stability of family relations and the compatibility of the social roles of the spouses. studied socio-psychological factors. As a result of the research, it was found that the appropriate interaction of family members in terms of roles is an important condition for family harmony. And family majoros are mainly the occupation of

modern Uzbek women with social work and family.

One of the most important studies conducted in relational psychology is N. Soginov's marriage and family relations typical of the Uzbek family satisfaction with marriage, motives for marriage, age characteristics of family formation typical for Uzbeks, young Uzbek families psychological conflicts and separations is a scientific work that systematically studied the causes. In this study, scientific data that have never been studied before were collected, according to which the main motive that causes the construction of an Uzbek family is "Having children", (in the first place), and in the second place " Not to be left behind by the public's words", "Carrying out the wishes of parents and people-relatives" and so on were found in the third place. The information collected by N. Soginov is about young families, conflict families and is an important scientific guide for those involved in youth education.

In addition, a number of studies on the psychology of large groups have been conducted in recent ears. For example, V. M. Karimova's study on the mechanism of change in social perceptions of Uzbek women (1987), E. Usmanov's suicidal behavior of Uzbek women, i.e.

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals

self-immolation -a study devoted to studying the socio-psychological causes of the character (1993), E. Nomonova's reproductive in Uzbek families the scientific research devoted to the characteristics of ustanovka. M. Zokirova's scientific research devoted to the study of the uniqueness of the perceptions of the roles of men and women, M. Toshpovlatov's study to the study of the unique aspects of the social behavior of Uzbek youth in the conditions of the market economy focused work and others are among them. As a result of this research, it is close In the future, a new ethnopsychological concept will be formed and it will contribute to the development of scientific work in our republic.

There are very important research topics for psychologists in Uzbekistan, in which the changes occurring in the psychology of individuals and different social different groups, age, demographic social perceptions of people belonging to ethnic professional groups, the basis of scientific management of social behavior based on them should be developed, that is, the issues of social psychology of production, psychology of management, psychology of groups, and the influence of mass mental processes are waiting for their solution from Uzbek psychologists, in which, using advanced scientific achievements, national specific aspects of the region should be developed.

Modern psychology is becoming rich and diverse, in recent ears new fields of psychology: anthropological psychology, acmeology, psychology of threat and terrorism, psychology of psychology of communication. Christianity. psychology of period. bioconstitutional psychology of science". psychology, "big psychology of growth, psychology of living life, quantum psychology, psychology of investigation, psychology of artistic reception, psychological literary studies, psychology of hearing abilities, blind deaf-mutes psychology, the psychology of readers and books, the psychology of destruction, the psychology of dreams and dreaming, the psychology of love, the psychology of crisis and dangerous situations, exoteric psychology, the psychology of fate, the psychology of bigotry, the psychology of abilities, the psychology of privacy. the psychology of educational activities, women psychology, psychology of subordinate behavior, psychology of genocide and mass murders, psychology of service communication, teacher psychology, psychology of appearance, psychology of high school, psychology of

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals

command, psychology of sales, psychology of media. psychology of electoral behavior. psychology of men, psychology of religion, tomology, psychology of fear, psychology of death, alternative psychology and others are actively forming.

Psychology as a holistic and independent science in people serving the formation of a humanistic mentality, its connection to the human factor determines its direct connection with all sciences that in a certain sense study the problems of this direction. First of all, these are the fields of social and humanitarian science, and the position of psychology is unique and leading among them. Philosophy and its recently formed and developing the connection with the part of social philosophy stems from the role and importance of these two sciences in fully understanding the essence of a person and his life and determining the trends of his development. Psychology of general laws and principles related to the development of nature, society and human thinking takes from the base of philosophy and at the same time helps philosophy to have rich information with its achievements in the field of laws of human mind and thinking. It is worth noting that in the search for common scientific

laws related to the formation of the ideology of independence and national consciousness, in the conditions of our country, the cooperation of these two sciences - philosophy and psychology is directly it is felt that this connection serves to fulfill the urgent task of forming a national ideology and a national idea in the historical period when the problem of forming a new way of thinking and worldview is faced.

The mutual cooperation and connection between pedagogy and psychology is traditional and ageold, and their role and influence in the implementation of the education of the younger generation in the spirit of modern requirements is unique. It is being implemented in our republic. The implementation of the "Law on Education" and the "National Program of Personnel Training" made the cooperation and interaction of the two disciplines more relevant than ever. Development of a person in the new model recognized in the national program, his development as a possessor of deep knowledge, a condition that guarantees his perfection - under these conditions, the methods and rules of pedagogy will not be enough apply new pedagogical technologies to educational and educational processes.

Volume 04 Issue 04-2024

28

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625









Publisher: Frontline Journals

That's why psychology, in cooperation with him, from the development trends of the mind of the young generation during the educational period, until the new teaching Learning how technology is mastered by children and how it affects their mental and intellectual abilities and organizing work on this basis requires combining the methods of psychology with didactic methods. implementation in educational institutions of this type implies the implementation of the most advanced and modern forms of teaching with deep knowledge of personal psychology. The interdependence of pedagogy and psychology is important in considering education and upbringing of a person not separately but together Nowadays, in order to increase the quality and efficiency of education, while knowing the psychological characteristics of the learner, the technology of pedagogical influence on him and his orientation to new knowledge has been introduced, which shows that these two disciplines are closely related to each other.

REFERENCES

1. Абрамова, Г.С. Практическая психология: учебное пособие. Москва: Прометей, 2018. - 528 c.

- 2. S.K.Mangal: "General Psychology" 2013y. 19 b.
- 3. Нишанова 3.Т. Психологик маслахат: ўкув кўлланма. Ўзбекистон Республикаси Олий ва ўрта махсус таълим вазирлиги. - Т.: «О'збекистон файласуфлари миллий жамияти» нашриёти, 2010. - Н 4 топлам
- 4. Тўрт темперамент:сангвиник, флегматик, холерик ва меланхолик шахс турлари. 2017 й. - Н 1 топлам.221 б.
- **5.** Аскарова, Н. А., & Сайдуллаев, Н. А. ЎКУВЧИЛАРДА ХУЛК ОҒИШИНИНГ ПСИХОПРОФИЛАКТИКАСИ. Му¬ аллим œ; м зликсиз билимлендири³, 45.
- **6.** Аскарова, Н. А. (2022). ЯКИН КИШИСИНИ ЙЎҚОТГАН БОЛАЛАР ВА ЎСМИРЛАРГА КЎРСАТИШ ПСИХОЛОГИК ЁРДАМ ИШЛАРИ. INTELLECTUAL **EDUCATION TECHNOLOGICAL SOLUTIONS** AND INNOVATIVE DIGITAL TOOLS, 1(12), 65-70.
- 7. Abdivalievna, A. N. (2022). PSYCHOLOGICAL FACTORS INFLUENCING THE FORMATION OF ANOREXIA NERVOUS. British Journal of Global Ecology and Sustainable Development, 10, 152-155.

29

Volume 04 Issue 04-2024

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals

- АҚЛИЙ 8. Аскарова, H. A. (2023).РИВОЖЛАНИШИ BA **ЎЗЛАШТИРИШИ** ОРҚАДА ҚОЛУВЧИ ЎҚУВЧИЛАРНИНГ ПСИХОЛОГИК ХУСУСИЯТЛАРИ. Academic research in educational sciences, 4(TMA Conference), 683-688.
- 9. Abdivalyevna, A. N., & Farmonova, E. (2024). CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF COGNITIVE PROCESSES IN PRIMARY SCHOOL STUDENTS. International Journal of Advance Scientific Research, 4(03), 35-39.
- **10.** Abdivaliyevna, A. N., & Azim, O. (2024) **PSYCHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS** OF ANXIETY IN STUDENTS. International Journal of Advance Scientific Research, 4(03), 25-29.
- **11.** Abdivalyevna, A. N., & Abdukhamid, A. F. **FACTORS CAUSING PERSONAL** (2023).PSYCHOSOMATIC DISORDERS. International Journal of Advance Scientific Research, 3(11), 343-347.
- 12. Abdivalievna, A. N. (2023). THE INFLUENCE OF THE GLOBAL INTERNET ON THE PSYCHE OF ADOLESCENTS.
- 13. Nuralievich, N. A. (2024). STUDYING THE **PSYCHOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS** OF

- TEENS WITH A TENDENCY TO ADOPTION **FALSE INFORMATION** IN **SOCIAL** NETWORKS. International Journal of Advance Scientific Research, 4(03), 59-63.
- **14.** Nuralievich, N. A. (2022). Gender Approaches in Psychological Theories and Research. International Journal of Formal Education, 1(11), 34-37.
- **15.** Azizbek, N. (2023).THE ROLE AND IMPORTANCE OF EDUCATION IN SOCIETY. Innovations in Technology and Science Education, 2(16), 122-127.
- 16. Mavlyanova (2023).Surayyo. TALABALARNING OTM MUHITIGA FAOL IJTIMOIY MOSLASHUVINING PSIXOLOGIK OMILLARI. EURASIAN IOURNAL OF ACADEMIC RESEARCH, 3(Special Issue 4), 256-265.
- **17.** Mavlyanova Surayyo. (2023).IJTIMOIY MOSLASHUVNING PSIXOLOGIK KATEGORIYA SIFATIDA TALQINI.
- **18.** Миррахимова, С. Ю. К., & Аскарова, Н. А. (2022). Психологические идеи в трудах Абу Райхана Беруний. Academic research in educational sciences, (3), 163-165.

Volume 04 Issue 04-2024 30

VOLUME 04 ISSUE 04 Pages: 25-31

SJIF IMPACT FACTOR (2022: 5.561) (2023: 6.895) (2024: 7.9)

OCLC - 1276789625











Publisher: Frontline Journals

19. Асқарова, Н. (2022).A. Диккат етишмаслиги синдромли ва гиперактив болаларни тарбиялашда оила-махаллатаълим муассасаси ҳамкорлигининг ўрни.

20. Аскарова, Н. А., Хикматов М. Н. (2016). ОИЛАВИЙ МУНОСАБАТЛАР ЎСМИРЛАРДА ХУЛКИЙ БУЗИЛИШЛАРНИ КЕЛТИРИБ ЧИҚАРУВЧИ ОМИЛ СИФАТИДА. В Сборниках конференций НИЦ Социосфера (№7, стр. 57-58). Ведецко выдавательский центр Sociosfera-CZ sro.



Volume 04 Issue 04-2024

31