



## DEVELOPING WOMEN'S HOMEWORK AS A FACTOR FOR REDUCING POVERTY

Gulnora M. Zakirova

Senior Lecturer, Namangan Engineering And Technology Institute, Republic Of Uzbekistan

### ABSTRACT

A special attention is paid to in accordance with the scope of work, it is necessary to accelerate the work of identifying the population of mahallas who want to fulfill the orders of enterprises at home and to explain the benefits of home-based work to the population in this article. It is explained the essence of home based work and create a source of their income growth.

**KEYWORDS:-** Cash, Decision, Finance, Entrepreneur, Customer, Commercial, Products, Start-Up Capital, Production.

### INTRODUCTION

According to the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to create favorable conditions for further development of home-based work" In order to increase the income of family budgets by expanding the use of resources, the Ministry of Economy, Central Bank, Ministry of Finance and commercial banks of the Republic of Uzbekistan in Tashkent to establish a limited

liability company "Consortium for Homework Support" with an initial charter capital of 50.0 billion soums and its proposals for distribution among the participants were approved. [1]

### MAIN PART

Therefore, between subdivisions and organizations ordering the production of home-made products, with the tasks of allocating loans to enterprises ordering the



Accepted 14<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 & Published 24<sup>th</sup> December, 2021

production of home-made products, marketing and finding customers for the production of products (goods and services) at home by these types of home-made products. to establish mutual relations and establish branches in all districts of the regions, independently determine the number of employees of the Consortium's subdivisions in accordance with the scope of work, conclude contracts for the production of goods, works and services with home-based workers and organizations ordering home-made products. The list of types of home-based work organized by the Consortium for Support of Home-Based Work on the basis of loans is as follows: Production of textiles and knitwear, production of haberdashery, production of confectionery and bakery products, production of furniture, Repair and maintenance of electrical products, Horticulture and landscaping services [1].

It is noted that the allocation of loans to home-based workers for the purchase of modern machinery, equipment, raw materials and supplies is carried out by

guaranteeing the purchased goods. Effective July 1, 2017, the personal income tax for home-based workers is set at a fixed rate of 7.5 percent. The consortium is exempted from all taxes and mandatory contributions to state trust funds, and the released funds will be used to replenish the charter capital. In addition, the Mahalla Public Charitable Foundation and citizens' self-government bodies will intensify advocacy work on mutual economic cooperation between home-based businesses and enterprises, including the identification of residents who want to fulfill their orders at home and explain the benefits of home-based work. provides As a result, the full content of home-based work among the population will be clarified and a source of income growth will be created.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

As a pilot project, a comprehensive study of households in Namangan and Turakurgan districts was conducted, and a program of targeted measures for social and legal support, vocational training and employment



Accepted 14<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 & Published 24<sup>th</sup> December, 2021

of more than 4,700 women included in the "women's book" was developed. designed and executed. A number of positive steps are being taken in Namangan region to develop home-based work. In particular, in the first nine months of 2020, the gross regional product will reach 18 trillion. 554.6 billion soums, and the growth rate was 104.5% compared to the same period last year, the forecast plan of local budget revenues (1 trillion 10.4 billion soums) is actually 105.6% (1 trillion 86.8 billion soums). As a result, 76.3 billion soums were transferred to the budget. soums additional resources were formed. During the pandemic, 252 enterprises lost 5.6 billion soums. Tax arrears in the amount of 502.6 billion soums on 2,412 credit agreements of business entities. UZS extended payments. 258.7 million people live in the region. The volume of foreign direct investment and loans in the amount of US dollars increased by 107.5% compared to the same period last year.

More than 34.7 thousand families included in the "iron book" in the region received 18 billion soums. UZS, 47.4 thousand able-

bodied members of these families were employed and had a stable source of income. As a result, more than 24.4 thousand families were removed from the "iron book" by the decisions of the district (city) Councils of People's Deputies on the basis of recommendations of sector leaders. As part of the comprehensive support of women, 1,120 women who returned from foreign countries were employed, and 551 were provided with soft loans to start their own businesses. Of the 684 women who were unemployed and had children with disabilities, 321 were involved in family businesses and were able to earn a steady income at home. 44 women in need of housing have been paid the initial payments for new housing, and 80 have had their homes repaired. In addition, 6 billion allocated by the Federation of Trade Unions. UZS 16 projects were financed and 1,251 women were employed. The program of targeted measures for social and legal support, vocational training and employment of more than 4.7 thousand women included in the "women's book" was studied in detail in the cities of Namangan and Turakurgan district, selected



Accepted 14<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 & Published 24<sup>th</sup> December, 2021

as a pilot project. developed and focused on implementation [4].

In order to develop entrepreneurship among young people, work has begun to establish a small industrial zone "Youth" in each district (city). In particular, a special small industrial zone "Youth" will be created in Namangan for young entrepreneurs, 65 projects will be implemented on a 30-hectare area and 3.5 thousand new jobs will be created for boys and girls included in the "Youth Book".

Within the framework of the program "Every family is an entrepreneur", commercial banks have provided 669.9 billion soums to about 33.7 thousand individuals and legal entities this year. Soums worth 79.8 billion soums were allocated. soums were given to 6,428 families included in the "iron book". More than 34.7 thousand families included in the "iron book" in the region received 18 billion soums. UZS, 47.4 thousand able-bodied members of these families were employed and had a stable source of income. As a result, more than 24.4 thousand families were removed from the "iron book" by the

decisions of the district (city) Councils of People's Deputies on the basis of recommendations of sector leaders. On the basis of programs approved by the Senate of the Oliy Majlis, the Federation of Trade Unions, the Namangan regional administration, work is underway to address women's issues and provide them with comprehensive support. In particular, out of 2,920 women who returned from foreign countries, 1,120 were employed, 551 of them received 12.5 billion soums for entrepreneurship. UZS in the form of soft loans. 45 job fairs have been organized in the field, more than 1,400 women have been referred for employment, and more than 1,000 have been employed. 1,486 women engaged in informal employment were registered as temporarily self-employed citizens. Targeted measures have been taken to ensure the employment of 924 unemployed women living in difficult social conditions, and to date 577 women have been employed.



## CONCLUSIONS

Of the 684 women who are unemployed and have children with disabilities, 321 will be involved in family business and will be able to earn a living at home. Further acceleration of work in this area, the implementation of the mass order will have a positive impact on increasing the income of family entrepreneurs and the smooth development of society. Today, there are opportunities to increase women's employment by offering them suitable occupations, taking into account the fact that women are mainly employed at home, raising children. With the development of home-based work among women, it will be possible to increase the welfare of the population and reduce unemployment among them.

## REFERENCES

1. "Regulations on home-based work" developed on the basis of the resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan from January 11, 2006 of No. 4.
2. Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Family Business". Approved by the Legislative Chamber on March 23, 2012.
3. Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev dated June 7, 2018 on the implementation of the program "Every family is an entrepreneur." The word of the people. June 8, 2018. 1-2 pages.
4. Resolution of the Senate of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan No. SQ-192-IV of December 18, 2020, pages 1-2, 8-9.